

Salt Dome Province Tertiary Sandstones Assessment Unit 60350103



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-  Campos Basin Geologic Province 6035

USGS PROVINCE: Campos Basin (6035)

GEOLOGIST: C.J. Schenk

TOTAL PETROLEUM SYSTEM: Lagoa Feia-Carapebus (603501)

ASSESSMENT UNIT: Salt Dome Province Tertiary Sandstones (60350103)

DESCRIPTION: This hypothetical assessment unit is defined by turbidite reservoirs of Tertiary age that occur in the area underlain by salt structures in ultra-deep waters of the Campos Basin (2200 to 4000 m).

SOURCE ROCKS: Source rocks are postulated to be lacustrine mudstones of the Neocomian Lagoa Feia Formation, and also possibly marine mudstones of the Middle Cretaceous.

MATURATION: Lagoa Feia mudstones reached generative maturity in the Miocene, and potential Cretaceous mudstones may have reached generation in the Miocene-Pliocene, and generation continues to the present.

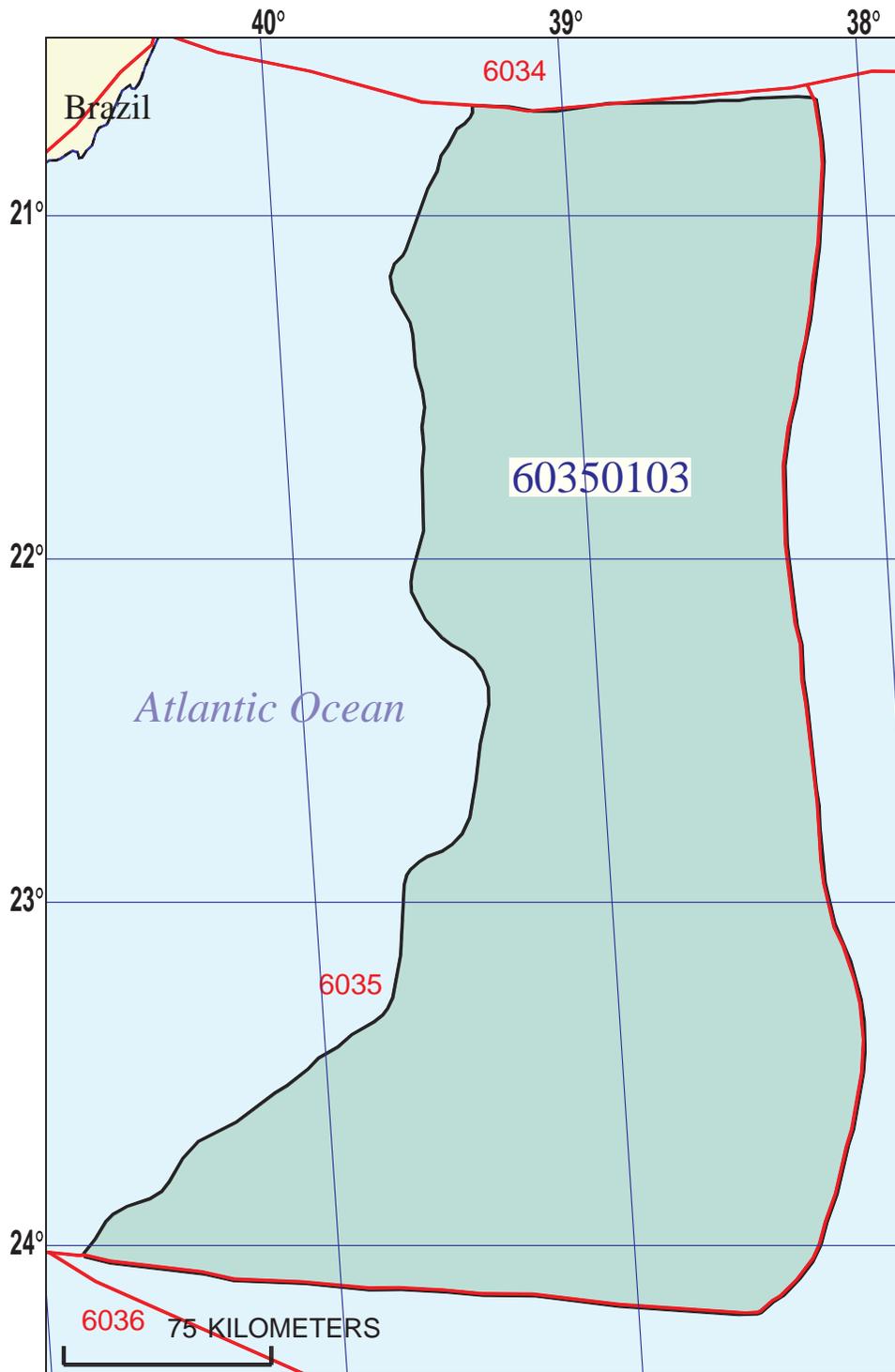
MIGRATION: Hydrocarbons are postulated to have migrated up listric faults into the turbidite reservoirs.

RESERVOIR ROCKS: Major reservoirs are Tertiary turbidite sandstones deposited between salt structures in the distal portion of the basin.

TRAPS AND SEALS: Traps in this assessment unit are postulated to be related to salt structures, and to reservoirs juxtaposed along listric faults. Seals are mainly intraformational mudstones.

REFERENCES:

- Guardado, L.R., Gamboa, L.A.P., and Lucchesi, C.F., 1990, Petroleum geology of the Campos Basin, Brazil—a model for a producing Atlantic-type basin, *in* Edwards, J.D., and Santogrossi, P.A., eds., Divergent-passive margin basins: American Association of Petroleum Geologists Memoir 48, p. 3-80.
- Mello, M., Koutsoukos, E.A.M., Mohriak, W.U., and Bacoccoli, G., 1994, Selected petroleum systems of Brazil, *in* Magoon, L.B., and Dow, W.G., eds., The Petroleum System—from source to trap: American Association of Petroleum Geologists Memoir 60, p. 499-512.
- Mohriak, W.U., Mello, M., Dewey, J.F., and Maxwell, J.R., 1990, Petroleum geology of the Campos Basin, offshore Brazil, *in* Brooks, J., ed., Classic petroleum provinces: Geological Society of London Special Publication 50, p. 119-141.



Salt Dome Province Tertiary Sandstones Assessment Unit - 60350103

EXPLANATION

- Hydrography
- Shoreline
- 6035 — Geologic province code and boundary
- Country boundary
- Gas field centerpoint
- Oil field centerpoint
- 60350103 — Assessment unit code and boundary

Projection: Robinson. Central meridian: 0

**SEVENTH APPROXIMATION
NEW MILLENNIUM WORLD PETROLEUM ASSESSMENT
DATA FORM FOR CONVENTIONAL ASSESSMENT UNITS**

Date:..... 11/5/99
 Assessment Geologist:..... C.J. Schenk
 Region:..... Central and South America Number: 6
 Province:..... Campos Basin Number: 6035
 Priority or Boutique..... Priority
 Total Petroleum System:..... Lagoa Feia-Carapebus Number: 603501
 Assessment Unit:..... Salt Dome Province Tertiary Sandstones Number: 60350103
 * Notes from Assessor

CHARACTERISTICS OF ASSESSMENT UNIT

Oil (<20,000 cfg/bo overall) **or** Gas (≥20,000 cfg/bo overall):... Oil

What is the minimum field size?..... 8 mmmboe grown (≥1mmboe)
 (the smallest field that has potential to be added to reserves in the next 30 years)

Number of discovered fields exceeding minimum size:..... Oil: 0 Gas: 0
 Established (>13 fields) _____ Frontier (1-13 fields) _____ Hypothetical (no fields) X

Median size (grown) of discovered oil fields (mmboe):
 1st 3rd _____ 2nd 3rd _____ 3rd 3rd _____
 Median size (grown) of discovered gas fields (bcfg):
 1st 3rd _____ 2nd 3rd _____ 3rd 3rd _____

Assessment-Unit Probabilities:

<u>Attribute</u>	<u>Probability of occurrence (0-1.0)</u>
1. CHARGE: Adequate petroleum charge for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size.....	<u>0.6</u>
2. ROCKS: Adequate reservoirs, traps, and seals for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size.....	<u>1.0</u>
3. TIMING OF GEOLOGIC EVENTS: Favorable timing for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size	<u>1.0</u>

Assessment-Unit GEOLOGIC Probability (Product of 1, 2, and 3):..... 0.6

4. **ACCESSIBILITY:** Adequate location to allow exploration for an undiscovered field
 ≥ minimum size..... 1.0

UNDISCOVERED FIELDS

Number of Undiscovered Fields: How many undiscovered fields exist that are ≥ minimum size?:
 (uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)

Oil fields:.....min. no. (>0)	<u>1</u>	median no.	<u>32</u>	max no.	<u>80</u>
Gas fields:.....min. no. (>0)	<u>1</u>	median no.	<u>6</u>	max no.	<u>18</u>

Size of Undiscovered Fields: What are the anticipated sizes (**grown**) of the above fields?:
 (variations in the sizes of undiscovered fields)

Oil in oil fields (mmbo)..... min. size	<u>8</u>	median size	<u>80</u>	max. size	<u>7500</u>
Gas in gas fields (bcfg):..... min. size	<u>48</u>	median size	<u>120</u>	max. size	<u>4800</u>

AVERAGE RATIOS FOR UNDISCOVERED FIELDS, TO ASSESS COPRODUCTS

(uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)

<u>Oil Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Gas/oil ratio (cfg/bo).....	350	700	1050
NGL/gas ratio (bnl/mmcfg).....	15	30	45
<u>Gas fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Liquids/gas ratio (bnl/mmcfg).....	11	22	33
Oil/gas ratio (bo/mmcfg).....			

SELECTED ANCILLARY DATA FOR UNDISCOVERED FIELDS

(variations in the properties of undiscovered fields)

<u>Oil Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
API gravity (degrees).....	15	26	35
Sulfur content of oil (%).....	0.2	0.5	1.8
Drilling Depth (m)	10000	14000	18000
Depth (m) of water (if applicable).....	7000	9000	11000
<u>Gas Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Inert gas content (%).....			
CO ₂ content (%).....			
Hydrogen-sulfide content(%).....			
Drilling Depth (m).....	10000	14000	18000
Depth (m) of water (if applicable).....	7000	9000	11000

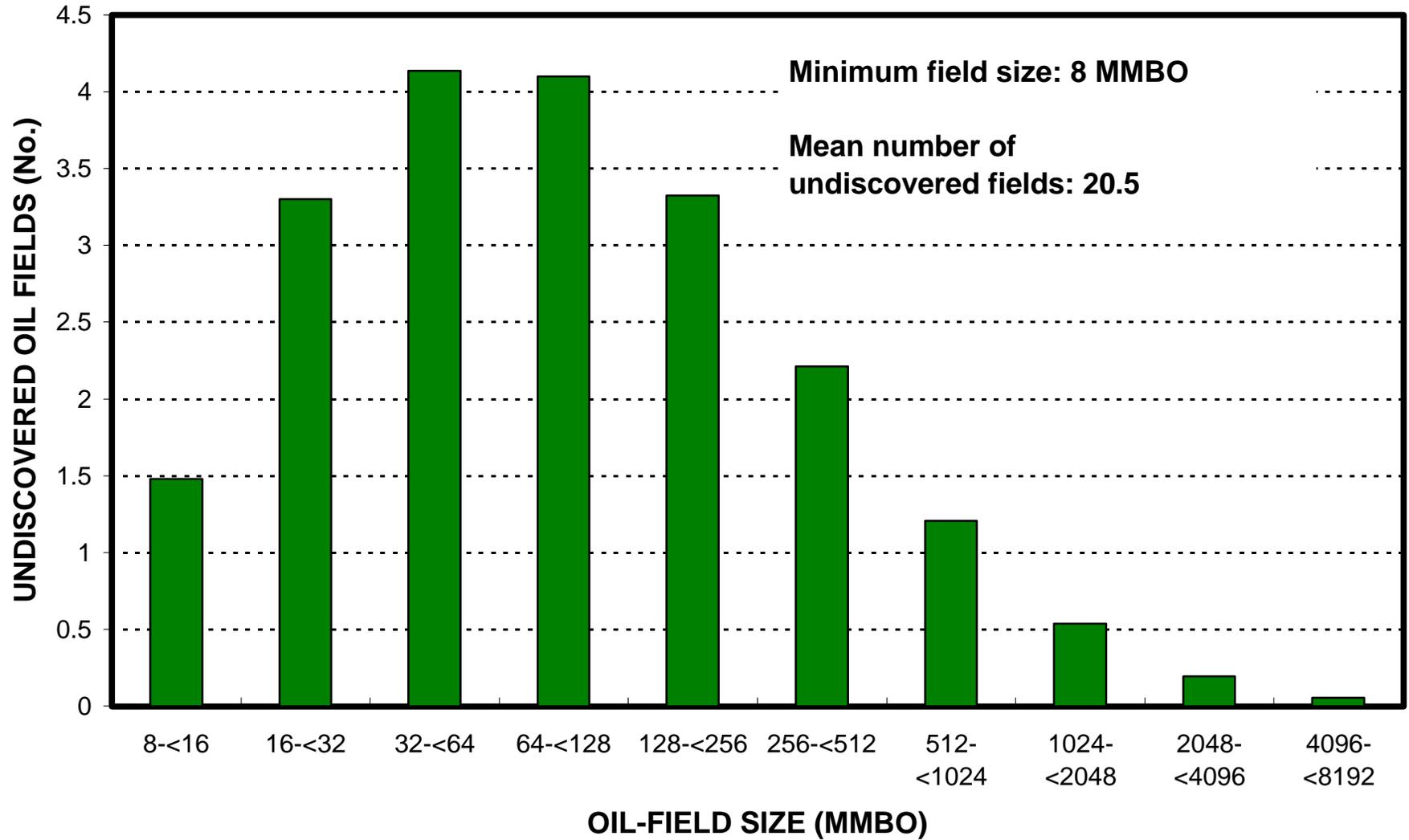
**ALLOCATION OF UNDISCOVERED RESOURCES IN THE ASSESSMENT UNIT
 TO COUNTRIES OR OTHER LAND PARCELS** (uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)

1. Brazil represents 100 areal % of the total assessment unit

<u>Oil in Oil Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Richness factor (unitless multiplier):.....	_____	_____	_____
Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor):...	_____	100	_____
Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%):.....	_____	100	_____
 <u>Gas in Gas Fields:</u>	 minimum	 median	 maximum
Richness factor (unitless multiplier):.....	_____	_____	_____
Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor):...	_____	100	_____
Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%):.....	_____	100	_____

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Undiscovered Field-Size Distribution



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Undiscovered Field-Size Distribution

